

5.1 $h[n] = \delta[n-1] - 2\delta[n-4]$

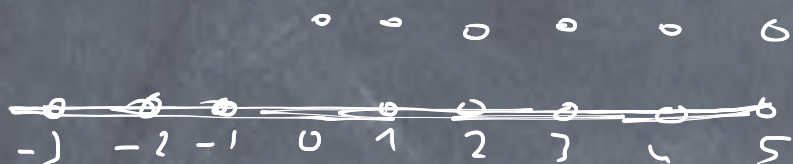
Find diff eqn.

$$y[n] = x[n-1] - 2x[n-4]$$

$$b_k = \{0, 1, 0, 0, -2\}$$

5.2 $y[n] = \frac{1}{L} \sum_{k=0}^{L-1} x[n-k]$ for $x[n] = u[n]$

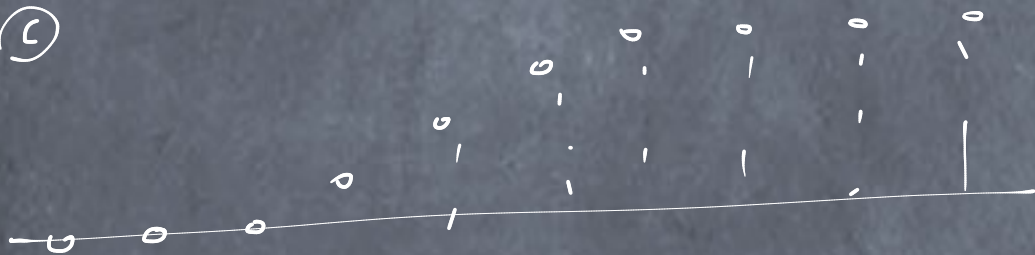
a) Draw $u[n]$



b) $L=5$ $y[n] = ?$

	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
$x[n]$	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
$y[n]$	0	0	0	$\frac{1}{5}$	$\frac{2}{5}$	$\frac{3}{5}$	$\frac{4}{5}$	1	1	1	1

c)



5.3 $y[n] = 2x[n] - 3x[n-1] + 2x[n-2]$

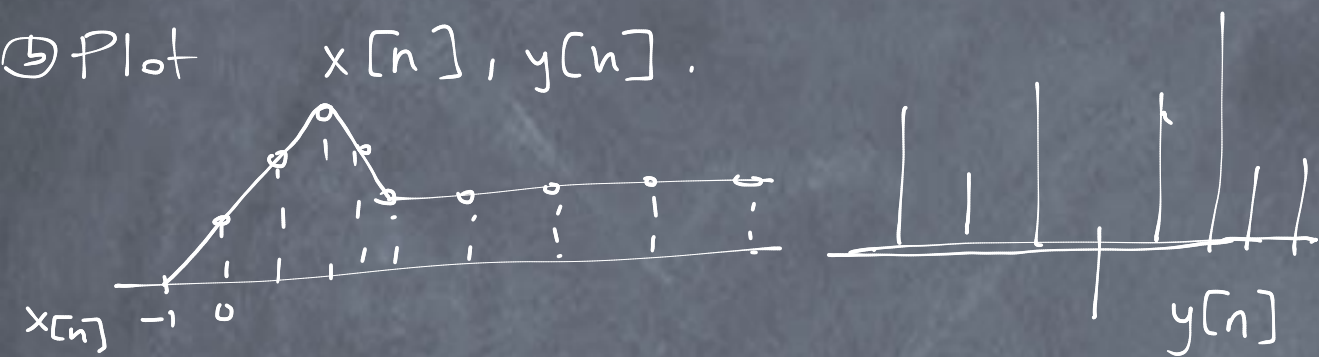
When the input

$$x[n] = \begin{cases} 0 & n < 0 \\ n+1 & n = 0, 1, 2 \\ 5-n & n = 3, 4 \\ 1 & n \geq 5 \end{cases}$$

① Compute $y[n]$ $0 \leq n \leq 10$

n	< 0	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
$x[n]$	0	1	2	3	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
$y[n]$	0	2	1	2	-1	2	3	1	1	1	1

② Plot $x[n], y[n]$.



③ Determine the response of the system to a unit impulse input.

$$h[0] = 2\delta[0] - 3\delta[-1] + 2\delta[-2] = 2$$

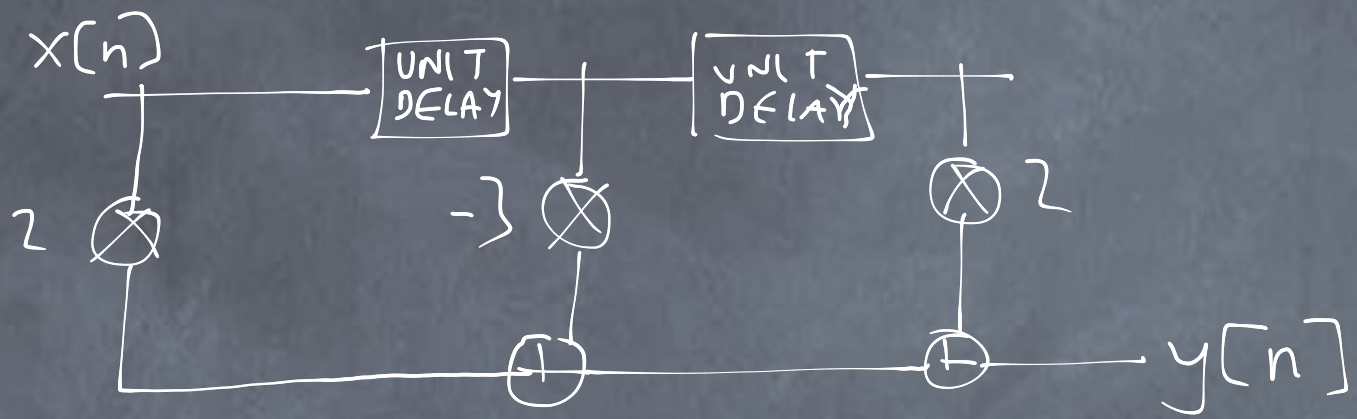
$$h[1] = 2\delta[1] - 3\delta[0] + 2\delta[-1] = -3$$

$$h[2] = 2\delta[2] - 3\delta[1] + 2\delta[0] = 2$$

$$h[n] = 2\delta[n] - 3\delta[n-1] + 2\delta[n-2]$$

5.4 $y[n] = 2x[n] - 3x[n-1] + 2x[n-2]$

① Draw the block diagram.



5.9 Linearity

$$\begin{aligned} a_1 x_1[n] + a_2 x_2[n] &= x[n] \quad ? \\ y_1 &\in x_1[n] \\ y_2 &\in x_2[n] \\ &= a_1 y_1 + a_2 y_2 \end{aligned}$$

② $x[n] \cos(0.2\pi n) = y[n]$

$$\begin{aligned} y_1 &= x_1[n] \cos(0.2\pi n) \quad \text{LINEAR} \\ y_2 &= x_2[n] \cos(0.2\pi n) \quad ? \\ a_1 y_1 + a_2 y_2 &= ? \quad \underbrace{(a_1 x_1[n] + a_2 x_2[n])}_{x[n]} \cos(0.2\pi n) \end{aligned}$$

③ $y[n] = x[n] - x[n-1]$

$$\begin{aligned} y_1 &= x_1[n] - x_1[n-1] \\ y_2 &= x_2[n] - x_2[n-1] \\ a_1 y_1 + a_2 y_2 &= a_1 x_1[n] + a_2 x_2[n] - a_1 x_1[n-1] - a_2 x_2[n-1] \\ &\quad \text{LINEAR} \end{aligned}$$

④ $y[n] = |x[n]| \quad \text{NOT LINEAR}$

$$a_1 |x_1[n]| + a_2 |x_2[n]| \neq |a_1 x_1[n] + a_2 x_2[n]|$$

a_1, a_2 neg

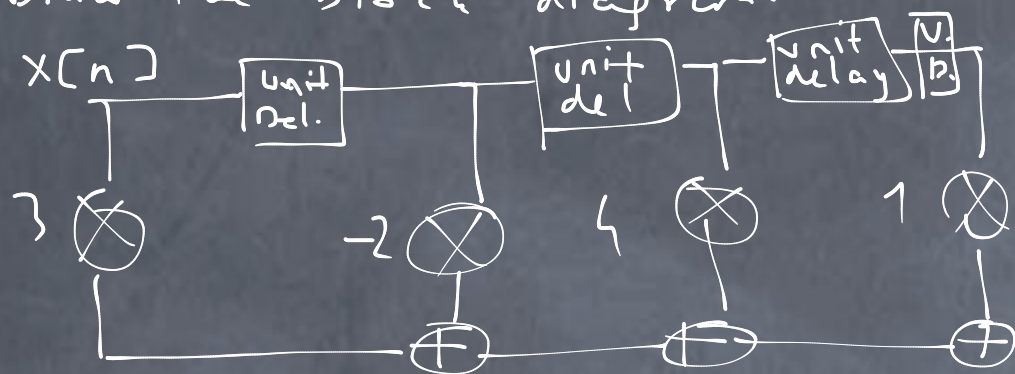
⑤ $y[n] = Ax[n] + B \quad ?$

$$A(a_1 x_1[n] + a_2 x_2[n]) + B \stackrel{?}{=} A a_1 x_1[n] + B + A a_2 x_2[n]$$

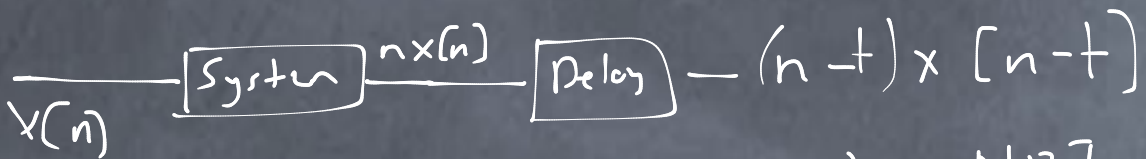
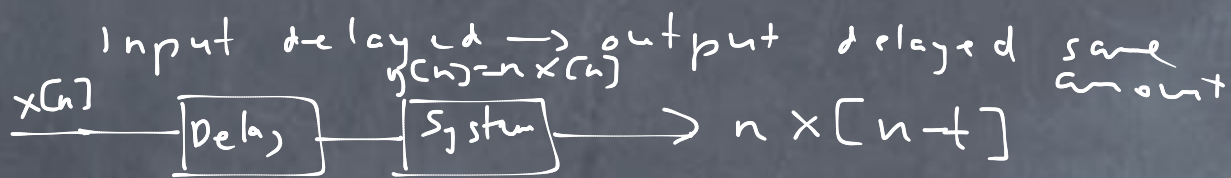
$B \neq 0$

5.11 $h[n] = 3\delta[n] - 2\delta[n-1] + 4\delta[n-2] + \delta[n-3]$

Draw the block diagram.



5.9



a) $y[n] = x[n] \cos(0.2\pi n)$ Not 71

$x[n-t] \rightarrow x[n-t] \cos(0.2\pi n)$

$x[n] \cos(0.2\pi n) \rightarrow x[n-t] \cos(0.2\pi (n-t))$

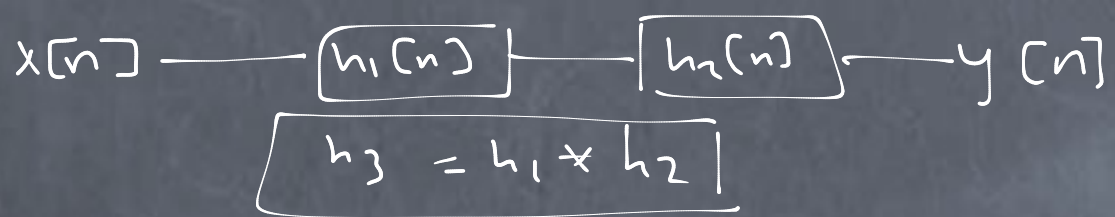
b) $y[n] = x[n] - x[n-1]$ ✓

c) $y[n] = |x[n]|$ ✓

d) $y[n] = Ax[n] + B$ ✓

CAUSAL:

YES



Ex: $\delta[n] * x[n] = x[n]$ ①

$\delta[n - n_0] * x[n] = x[n - n_0]$ ②

$h[n] = \delta[n] + 2\delta[n-1] - 3\delta[n-3]$

$x[n] = \delta[n+1] + \delta[n-2]$

$h[n] * x[n] = ?$

$$\begin{array}{cccccccc}
 & & \overset{1}{0} & & & & & \\
 & 1 & 2 & 0 & -3 & & & \\
 + & & & & & 1 & 2 & 0 & -3 \\
 \hline
 & 1 & 2 & 0 & -2 & 2 & 0 & -3
 \end{array}$$

MATLAB

$xx = \sin(0.07 * \pi * (0:50))$

$hh = \text{ones}(11,1)/11;$

$yy = \text{conv}(hh, xx);$